Compare two strings by comparing the sum of their values (ASCII character code).  
For comparing treat all letters as UpperCase.

Null-Strings should be treated as if they are empty strings.  
If the string contains other characters than letters, treat the whole string as it would be empty.

using System;

using System.Linq;

public static class Kata

{

public static bool Compare(string s1, string s2)

{

if(s1 == null)

s1 = "";

if(s2 == null)

s2 = "";

var upper1 = s1.ToUpper();

var chars1 = upper1.ToCharArray();

var upper2 = s2.ToUpper();

var chars2 = upper2.ToCharArray();

for(var i = 0; i < chars1.Length; i++)

{

int ascii1 = (int)chars1[i];

if(ascii1 < 65 || ascii1 > 90)

upper1 = "";

}

for(var j = 0; j < chars2.Length; j++)

{

int ascii2 = (int)chars2[j];

if(ascii2 < 65 || ascii2 > 90)

upper2 = "";

}

var filteredChars1 = upper1.ToCharArray();

var filteredChars2 = upper2.ToCharArray();

var sum1 = 0;

var sum2 = 0;

for(var i = 0; i < filteredChars1.Length; i++)

{

int intSubI = (int)filteredChars1[i];

sum1 += intSubI;

}

for(var j = 0; j < filteredChars2.Length; j++)

{

int intSubJ = (int)filteredChars2[j];

sum2 += intSubJ;

}

if(sum1 == sum2)

return true;

else

return false;

}

}

Note: after the fact, I realized that the last four lines can be replaced by:

Return (sum1 == sum2);